



Wardha Road, Nagpur - 441108
Accredited with NAAC A+ Grade & NBA Accredited (EE, ME, CE & ECE)
Approved by AICTE, New Delhi, Govt. of Maharashtra
(An Autonomous Institution Affiliated to Rashtrasant Tukadoji Maharaj Nagpur University, Nagpur)



Aeronautical Engineering Department

# HONORS IN AIRCRAFT STRUCTURE **B.Tech 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester**

	B. Tech. III <sup>rd</sup> Sem Aeronautical Engineering							
	BAE32325: Smart Materials and structures							
Teaching Scheme					Examination Scheme			
Lectures 3hr/week					CIE	40 Marks		
Tuto	orials	-				ESE	60 Marks	
Pract	ical	-				Total	100 Marks	
Total Cre	edits	3				Duration o Hours	f Exam: 3	
The Object	tives o	of this course are	•					
1	To get t	familiarize the smar	rt materials a	and its role i	n developing	intelligent systems		
2	To arriv	e at the shock wav	e and expan	sion wave re	elations.			
3	To get o	exposure on potenti	al equation	for 2-dimen	sional compre	essible flow.		
4	To get 1	knowledge on high	-speed flow	over airfoils	, wings and a	irplane configuration	on.	
5	To gain	basic knowledge o	n low and h	igh-speed w	ind tunnels ar	nd model testing.		
1								
			Cou	rse Conten	its			
Unit I	Intro	duction to Smart N	1aterials: W	hat is Intell	igence? Artif	ricial intelligence	Vs. embedded	
		igence, Definition						
			of a smart systems, smart system applications, the role of Smart Materials					
		veloping	. 1 .: C.					
1124 11	Diozo	igent Systems and a electric Materials	Adaptive Str	uctures	achin alaatrar	maahaniaal aayunlin	a acefficients	
Unit II		electric constants, p						
	soft p	iezoceramics, poly	crystalline v	s single cry	stal piezoelect	tric materials, poly	vinyldene	
	fluori	de, piezoelectric co	omposites.					
	Magnetostrictive Materials — constitutive relationship, magneto-mechanical coupling							
	coefficients, Joule Effect, Villari Effect, Matteuci Effect, Wiedemann effect, Giant magnetostriction in Terfenol-					unt		
	D, Terfenol-D particulate composites, Galfenol and Metglas materials.							
Unit III	_	e Memory Alloy	` '					
		luction, Phenomen						
		memory effect. V						
	multiplexing embedded NiTiNOL actuators. Electro-active Polymers (EAP)- Introduction Phenomenology,					- introduction,		
		ence of stress on ch	aracteristic t	emperatures	<b>,</b>			





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Unit IV	Smart Actuators Piezoelectric Actuators — Induced Strain actuation model, Unimorph and Bimorph Actuators, Actuators embedded in composite laminate, Impedance matching in actuator design, Feedback Control, Pulse Drive, Resonance Drive.  Magnetostrictive Actuators — Magnetostrictive Mini Actuators, Thermal instabilities, Discretely distributed actuation, Manetostrictive Composites.  Shape Memory Alloy based actuators for Shape Control, Electro-active Polymers for Work-Volume Generation
Unit V	Smart Sensors: Piezoelectric Sensors Magnetostrictive Sensors Techniques of Self Sensing MEMS Sensors. Sensors based on LBHS Smart Materials - EAP based sensors, SMA based encoders, Optical Fibre based Sensing. visualization methods of subsonic and supersonic flows.

	Text Books				
1	M.V. Gandhi, B.D. Thompson" Smart Materials and Structures" Springer Science & Business Media, 31-May-1992.				
	Reference Books				
1	Brian Culshaw, Smart Structures and Materials, Artech House, 2000.				
2	Gauenzi, P., Smart Structures, Wiley, 2009.				
3	Cady, W. G., Piezoelectricity, Dover Publication				
	Useful Links				
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/101/101/101101079/				
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/101/105/101105059/				
3	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_ae05/preview				

BAE32325	Course Outcomes	CL	Class Sessions
CO1	<b>Identify</b> and describe the core components of smart systems and explain their integration into functional systems.	3	9
CO2	<b>Apply</b> knowledge of composite materials (e.g., piezoelectric and magnetostrictive composites) in real-world engineering applications.	3	9
CO3	Analyze the use of SMAs in vibration control and actuation, particularly with NiTiNOL actuators.	4	9
CO4	<b>llustrate</b> feedback control methods, pulse drive, and resonance drive techniques in piezoelectric actuator systems.	3	9
CO5	<b>Illustrate</b> visualization methods used for subsonic and supersonic flow sensing.	3	9





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Aeronautical Engineering Department

# MINORS IN DRONE TECHNOLOGY B.Tech 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester

	Second Y	ear (Semest	er-III) B. Tech	. Aeronautic	al Engineeri	ing		
BAE32321: Introduction to Aeronautical Engineering								
	2nd Year- (3 <sup>rd</sup> Semester)							
Teaching Scheme				<b>Examination Scheme</b>				
Lectures		3 Hr / Week		E	CSE	60 Marks		
Tutorial		-		C	CIE	40 Marks		
Practical	Practical - Total 10			100 Marks				
Theory	Credits :3			D	Ouration of Ex	am:3 Hours		
Course (	Objectives							
The Obje	ectives of this co	ourse is:						
			e aircraft design p		urpose.			
			n of fuselage and					
			nd stability charac		lanes.			
<b>4.</b> T	o the study diffe	erent aircrafts er	igines and their ap	plications.				
<u> </u>								
Course C	1							
		and developm	<b>ents</b> /right Flyer, hist	ome and avalue	ation of aircra	oft Conventional		
Unit-I	_	·	•	•				
Unit-1		airplane, progress in airplane design and application, Current status. Other kinds of heavier than air vehicle, helicopter, VSTOL machines, space vehicles, reusable space vehicles and space						
		shuttle, Developments in aerodynamics, materials, structures and propulsion over the years.						
	Aircraft Configurations and Aircraft Systems							
	Components of an airplane and their functions, Different parts of airplane. Different types of							
	flight vehicles, classifications. Conventional control, Powered control, Basic instruments for							
Unit-II	flying, Typical systems for control actuation.							
	Aircraft Systems: Elementary studies on hydraulic, pneumatic, pressurizing air- conditioning							
	and oxygen systems. Landing gear and control surface actuating system. Aircraft electrical systems, elementary studies of generation and on-board distribution of electricity.							
				on-board distrib	oution of electri	icity.		
		Introduction to Aerodynamics						
	Aerofoil nomenclature; Flow over aerofoil; Lift and generation of lift by Bernoulli's principle;							
TI24 TTT	Lift and drag components – generation of lift and drag; lift curve, drag curve, types of drag,							
Unit-III		factors affecting lift and drag; variation of lift with angle of attack, pressure distribution over						
	aerofoil; centre of pressure and its significance; aerodynamic centre, aspect ratio, velocity of							
	sound, Mach number and supersonic flight effects, wing span, wing area, sweep, tapered ratio, dihedral, anhedral angle.							
	dinedral, annedral angle.							







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Unit-IV	Airplane Structures: Configuration of fuselage and wings, progress in materials: wooden to all metal airplanes, strength to weight ratio of aircraft materials, importance of weight load factors, factors of safety in aeronautics and aerospace applications. Details of the structural layout of wing, fuselage tail planes. Cockpit and cabin configuration. Different types of materials for airplane andengine application. Materials for space vehicles.
Unit-V	Introduction to Aircraft Propulsion  Difference between air-breathing and non-air-breathing engines, classification of aircraft based on power plant, location and principle operation, basics of piston engine, classification of aircraft engines, Brayton cycle and its application to the gas turbine engines characteristics of turbofan, turbojet, turbo prop, ramjet and scramjet engines, classification combustion chamber, types of fuel used in commercial aircraft engines, principle operation of aircraft engines.

Text	Books
1	John D. Anderson, Jr., "Introduction to Flight", Mc-Graw Hill, 3rd edition, 1995.
2	Lalit Gupta and O P Sharma, Fundamentals of Flight, Vol-I to Vol-IV, Himalayan Books, 1st edition,2006.
3	John D. Anderson, Jr., "The Airplane - History of its Technology", AIAA Series, 1st edition, 2002.
Refer	rence Books
1	G. P. Sutton, O.Biblarz, "Rocket Propulsion Elements", John Wiley & Sons, 7th edition, 2001.
2	A. C. Kermode, "Flight without Formulae", Pearson Education, 5th edition, 2004.
3	S. K. Ojha, "Flight Performance of Aircraft", AIAA Series, 1st edition, 1995.
	Useful Links
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/101/101/101101079/
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/101/105/101105059/
3.	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/101/105/101105031/





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BAE32321	Course Outcomes	CL	Class Sessions
CO1	Understand history of aviation and basic concepts of aerospace engineering and implement the knowledge acquired in design and development of aircrafts.	2	9
CO2	Understand different components of aircraft, vehicle types and flight instrumentations and develop conceptual design of aircraft systems and subsystems.	2	9
CO3	Apply the knowledge of wing characteristics (wing span, sweep, taper ratio, dihedral/anhedral angles) to explain their impact on aerodynamic performance.	3	9
CO4	<b>Apply</b> the knowledge of aircraft structures and configurations in solving the problems on airplane layouts, load factor and factor of safety.	3	9
CO5	Compare the characteristics and applications of turbofan, turbojet, turboprop, ramjet, and scramjet engines.	3	9